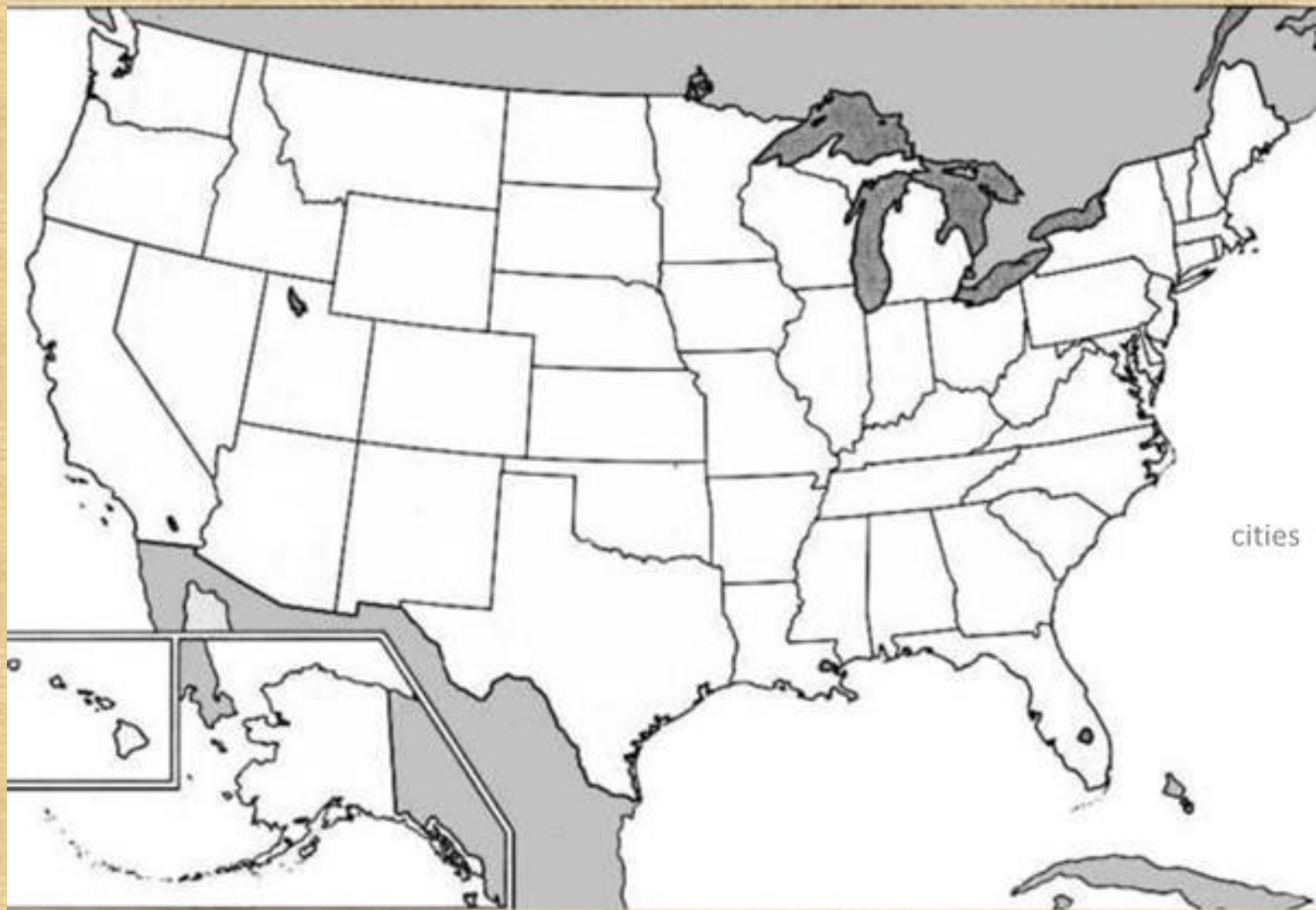


A World in Flames
Chapter 24
1931-1941



In August 1934, American journalist Dorothy Thompson received an urgent call from the porter at her Berlin hotel. A member of Germany's secret state police wanted to talk to her. Thompson had been reporting on Adolf Hitler's rise to power, and she had written various anti-Nazi articles for the American press. In one she described the beautiful singing she had heard at a Hitler youth camp, where thousands of boys ages 10 to 16 marched and sang. The boys' lovely voices echoing across the hills stirred Thompson, but the words on an enormous banner hanging across one hillside chilled her:

“It was so prominent that every child could see it many times a day. It was white, and there was a swastika painted on it, and besides that only seven words, seven immense black words: YOU WERE BORN TO DIE FOR GERMANY.”

When Thompson met with the police, they ordered her to leave Germany immediately. “I, fortunately, am an American,” Thompson observed, “so I was merely sent to Paris. Worse things can happen to one.”

America and the World

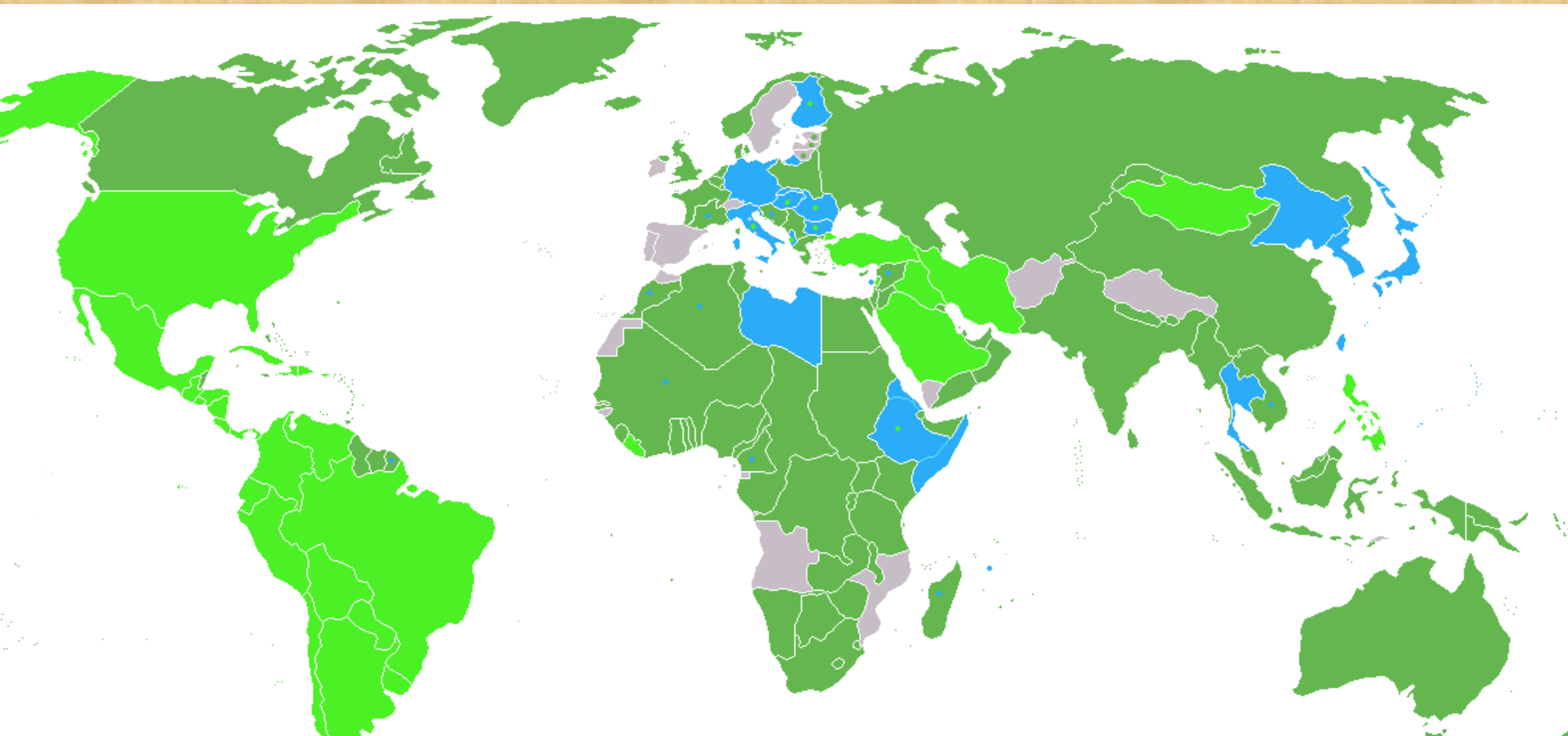
- Rise of Dictators
- Versailles Treaty
- Depression

- Mussolini-Italy
- Stalin-Soviet Union
- Hitler-Germany
 - The Fuhrer
- Franco-Spain
- Military-Japan



Axis Powers (blue)

- Germany
- Italy
- Japan
- Anti-comintern Pact



Italy

- Mussolini
 - Mediterranean empire
 - Ethiopia
 - Il Duce'
 - Fascist
 - Anti-Communist



Soviet Union

- Bolshevik (Communist) revolution 1917
- Leaders
 - Lenin -1917-1923
 - Trotsky -1923-1927
gone
 - Stalin -1923-1954



Germany

- Hitler
- Nazi
- National Socialist
- Mein Kampf
 - Hitler's book
 - Aryans rule
 - Lebensraum



The first fundamental of any rational world view is the fact that on earth and in the universe force alone is decisive. Whatever goal man has reached is due to his originality plus his brutality.

-Adolf Hitler

1. What basic idea is Hitler advocating?

Nazism

- Hitler Youth badge



Mother's Cross



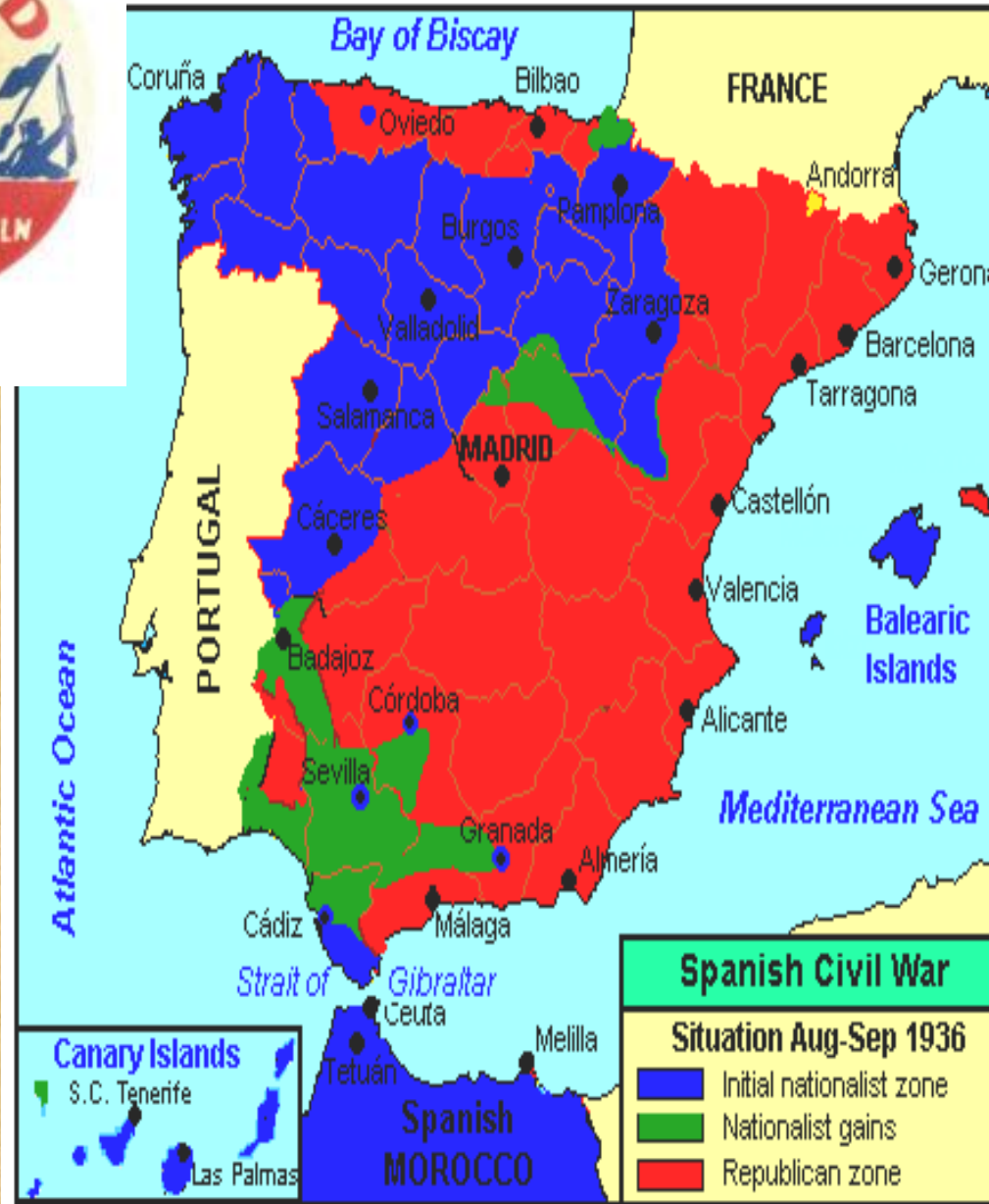
Japan

- Militarism
- Asian Co-prosperity sphere
- Manchuria 1937
 - Natural resources rich
 - Iron
 - Coal



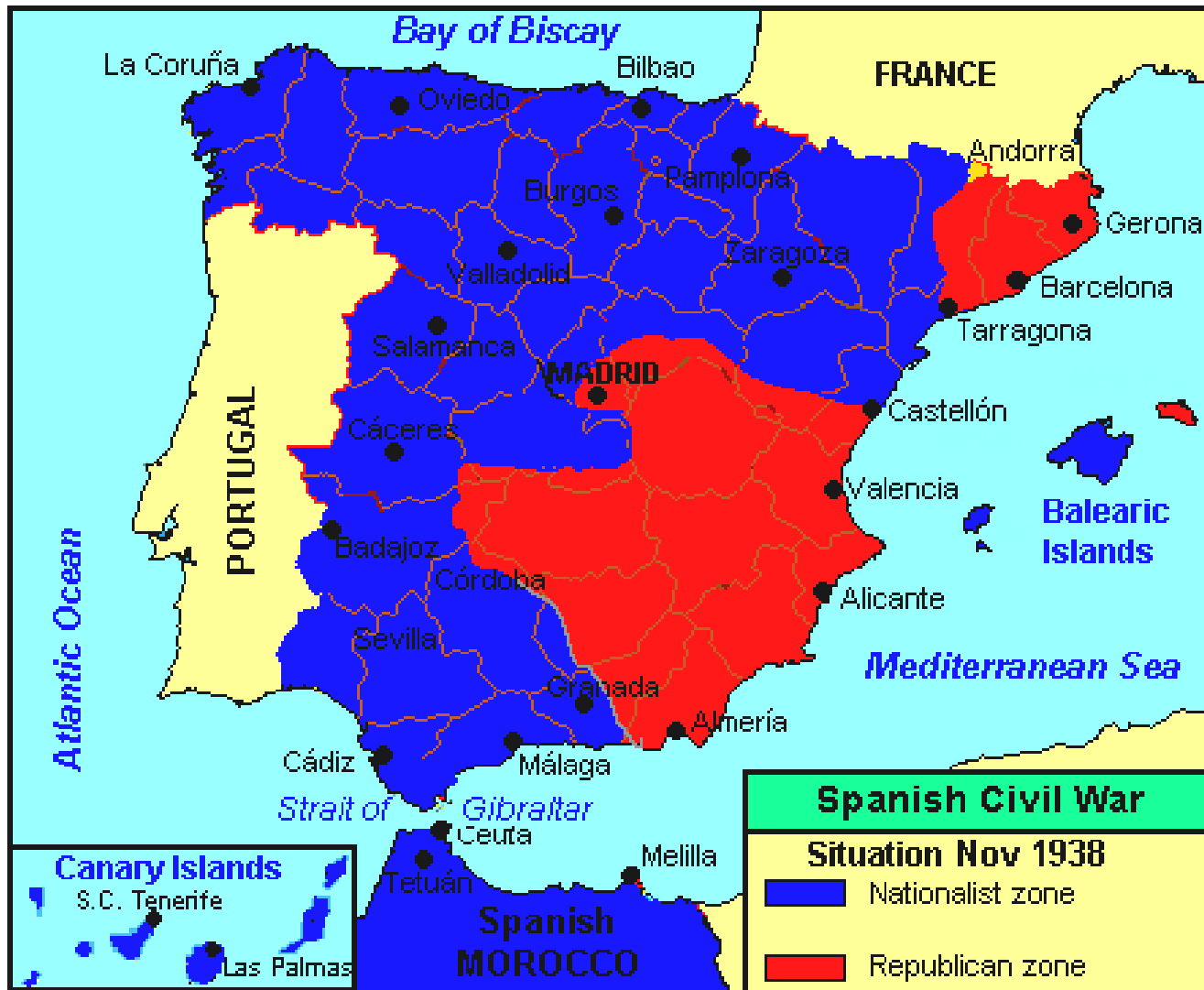
Spain

- Franco
 - Fascists
- Republicans
 - Anarchists
 - Communists
- Civil War
- Franco
 - Nazi & Italy's Fascist
- Republicans
 - Abraham Lincoln Brigade
 - Soviets



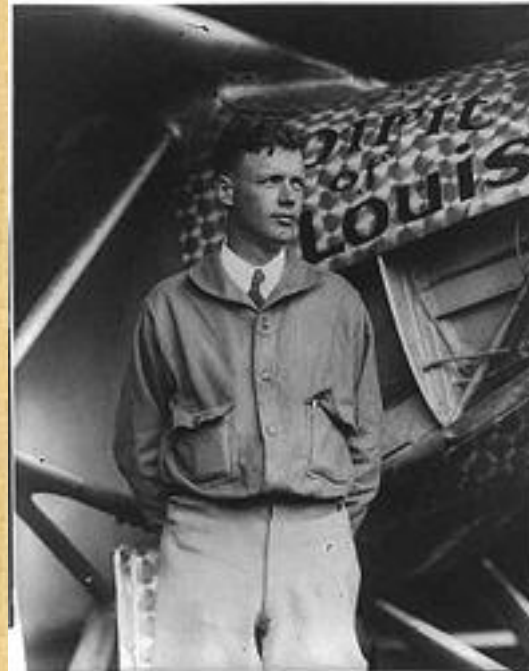
Spanish Civil War

- Dictator Francisco Franco controls Spain by 1939



American Isolationism

- Nye Committee
 - US arms sales caused US to enter WW I
- Neutrality Acts
 - No arm sales with countries at war to avoid any involvement in WW II
- FDR
 - Plays the political fence game



Review-The Dictatorships

1. List the five dictators of the world in the 1930s.
2. What area of China did the Japanese control by the late 1930s?
3. The Nye Committee called for America's _____ from the world problems.]
4. The _____ laws forbid US arms sales to warring countries.
5. Adolph Hitler's book was titled _____.
6. Mussolini's title was _____.
7. Hitler's political movement was called _____.
8. Stalin's political movement was called _____.
9. The Axis countries formed the _____ against the spread of world wide communism.

World War II Begins

- Nazi march to war
 - Rhineland
 - Anschluss
 - Austrian Union with Germany
 - Munich Agreement
 - Sudetenland in Czechoslovakia
 - Give a little & Hitler would be satisfied
 - Appeasement
 - “Peace in Our Time!”
 - Czechoslovakia



And do not suppose that this is the end. This is only the beginning of the reckoning. This is only the first sip, the first foretaste of a bitter cup which will be proffered to us year by year unless by a supreme recovery of moral health and martial vigor, we arise again and take our stand for freedom as in the olden time.

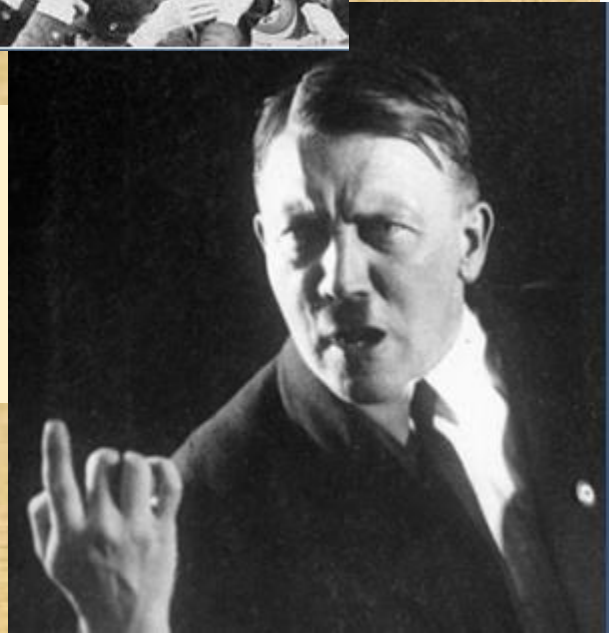
---Winston Churchill

1. How did Churchill view the appeasement policy?
2. What words will Hitler use to describe appeasement in the near future?

Hitler's expansive Reich!!



1. Write four descriptive words about Adolph Hitler. (you can use these pictures to help)



Blitzkrieg in Poland

- Danzig-Hitler must have!
 - Appeasement fails
- Nazi-Soviet Non Aggression Pact
 - Divide Poland afterwards
- Blitzkrieg!!!
- Poland Conquered in six weeks

Just a scrap of paper!
---Adolph Hitler, 1939



In February 1940, President Franklin Roosevelt sent Undersecretary of State Sumner Welles to Europe to report on the political situation. A few months earlier, Germany had invaded Poland, and Roosevelt hoped to negotiate peace before wider hostilities erupted.

In Italy Welles found Mussolini intent on war and judged that “there was not the slightest chance of any successful negotiation.” In Paris Welles glumly noted the “sullen apathy” in people’s faces and concluded that France had little will to resist a German onslaught. After speaking to Hitler, Welles concluded that a negotiated peace settlement was impossible: “It was only too tragically plain that all decisions had already been made.” In London, Welles did not feel the sense of doom he had in Paris. The British, he reported, would “fight to the very last ditch.” Welles later reflected on his mission:

“Only one thing could have deflected Hitler from his purpose: the sure knowledge that the power of the United States would be directed against him if he attempted to carry out his intention of conquering the world by force. . . . At that time no representative of this government could have been authorized to intimate any such thing. . . . My mission, therefore, was a forlorn hope.”

Blitzkrieg in Western Europe

- Phony War
- Lightning war
 - Tanks & Airplanes & Artillery
- April
 - Denmark
 - Norway
 - Netherlands
 - Belgium
- France
 - Maginot Line
 - French forts
 - Air/land attack at Sedan out flanks defenses
 - Dunkirk—Miracle of deliverance
 - France surrenders 6 weeks



Battle of Britain (The Blitz)

- Britain saved by:
 - English channel
 - RAF
 - Radar
- Luftwaffe
 - Bombing
 - 3:1 advantage



bases

- + Luftwaffe bomber bases
- - - RAF group boundaries
- - - Luftflotte boundaries
- Range of BF 109
- Range of low level RADAR
- Range of high level RADAR



Pearl harbor movie
chapter 11

Review-Hitler Attacks

1. During Anschluss, _____ was annexed by Germany.
2. At Munich, the _____ of _____ was given to Hitler starting a policy of Appeasement.
3. In March 1939, Hitler conquers the remaining portion of _____.
4. Britain and France declare war on Nazi Germany after the Nazis invade _____.
5. The British _____ fight the Nazis _____ in the air over Great Britain in 1940-1941.
6. The _____ failed to protect France from the Nazi invasion.
7. The British and many French soldiers escape capture during the Miracle of Deliverance at the port of _____.

Mira Ryczke was born in 1923 to a middle-class Jewish family in Danzig, Poland, a port on the Baltic Sea. After World War II broke out in September 1939, the Nazis expelled Danzig's Jews to Warsaw, where they were forced to live in deplorable conditions in a special area known as the Warsaw ghetto. In 1943 the Nazis emptied the Warsaw ghetto. The Ryczkes had to ride for three days in a suffocating cattle car headed for Auschwitz, the infamous Nazi death camp, and its neighboring camp of Birkenau.

After arriving at the camps, the terrified newcomers learned that a selection was to take place. When 20-year-old Mira asked what the selection was for, an old-time prisoner pointed to chimneys on top of a building and replied, "Selected for the gas chambers to go up in smoke." Mira later wrote:

“[W]e were told by the old-timers to try to look strong, healthy, and to walk in an upright position when our turn came. . . . Because the women I was with were young, only a few were taken out. Their numbers, tattooed on their left arms, were written down by the SS, and after a few days during roll call, their tattoo numbers were called out and these women were marched to the gas chamber.”

Holocaust

- Mein Kampf
 - Jews were to blame for WW I
- Nuremberg Laws
 - Jews lose citizenship
- Kristallnacht
 - Night of Broken Glass
 - Riots against Jews
- Gestapo
 - Secret Police
 - Hunts Jews and undesirables



- Anne Frank
 - Famous Jewish Diary
- SS St. Louis
 - Escaping Jews
 - Refused entry into US
 - Jews died in Concentration Camps



- Final Solution
1942

- Kill all Jews

- Concentration
Camps

- Buchenwald

- Death Camps

- Auschwitz





Veteran Shumaker's Holocaust photos



Review-Holocaust

1. In 1942, the Nazis begin the extermination of the Jews in a program called _____.
2. _____ was a concentration camp in Germany.
3. Kristallnacht or the _____ was the beginning of the reign of fear embracing the Jewish community in Germany in the mid-1930s
4. _____ was a death camp in Poland.
5. _____ was the Nazi secret police.
6. _____ was the racial laws against Jews and other undesirables in Germany.
7. _____ wrote a diary about the Holocaust

America Enters the War

- “Four Freedoms”
 - Speech, Worship, Want and Fear
 - Neutrality & Destroyers for bases deal
- America First Committee
 - Isolationists
 - Nye, Lindbergh, Hoover
- Lend-Lease
- Atlantic Charter
- U-boats in Atlantic
- Reuben James



FDR's Arsenal of Democracy

Give us the tools, and we'll finish the job.

—Winston Churchill, 1941

We cannot and we will not tell them that they must surrender merely because of present inability to pay for the weapons which we know they must have.

—Franklin D. Roosevelt, 1940

1. What is the European & Asian New World Order FDR mentions
2. What tools is Churchill referring to?
3. What **act** does Churchill hope America will pass?
4. How does **Cash & Carry** fit these quote?

The history of recent years proves that shootings and chains and concentration camps are not simply the transient tools but the very altars of modern dictatorships. They may talk of a "new order" in the world, but what they have in mind is but a revival of the oldest [and] the worst tyranny. In that there is no liberty, no religion, no hope.

The proposed "new order" is the very opposite of a United States of Europe or a United States of Asia. It is not a government based upon the consent of the governed. It is not a union of ordinary, self-respecting men and women to protect themselves and their freedom and their dignity from oppression. It is an unholy alliance of power and money to dominate and enslave the human race . . .

December 7, 1941, dawned like any other Sunday in Hawaii, where teenager Daniel Inouye lived with his family. Like other Americans who lived through the experience, Inouye would never forget what he was doing the moment American isolationism ended:

“As soon as I finished brushing my teeth and pulled on my trousers, I automatically clicked on the little radio that stood on the shelf above my bed. I remember that I was buttoning my shirt and looking out the window . . . when the hum of the warming set gave way to a frenzied voice. ‘This is no test,’ the voice cried out. ‘Pearl Harbor is being bombed by the Japanese!’”

The Inouye family ran outside and gazed toward the naval base at Pearl Harbor:

“And then we saw the planes. They came zooming up out of that sea of gray smoke, flying north toward where we stood and climbing into the bluest part of the sky, and they came in twos and threes, in neat formations, and if it hadn’t been for that red ball on their wings, the rising sun of the Japanese Empire, you could easily believe that they were Americans, flying over in precise military salute.”

Japan!

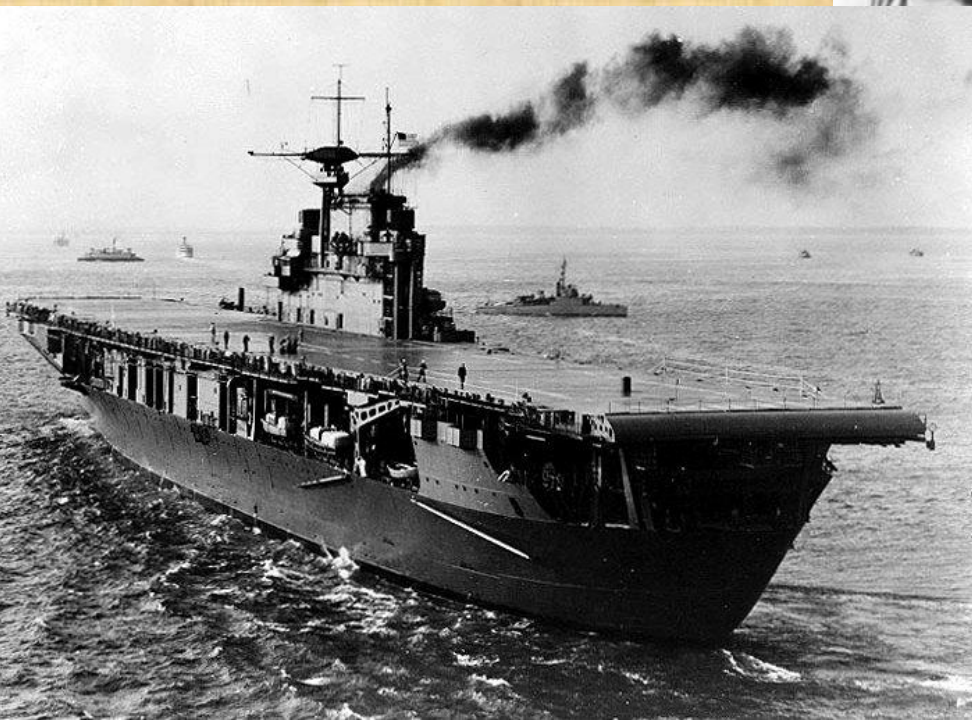
- China
 - US Arms to help
- US Embargos
 - Oil
 - Strategic material
- Pearl Harbor
 - Sneak attack
 - “Dec. 7, 1941, A date that will live in infamy...”
 - Radar?
- US declares war
- Germany declares war



USS Arizona



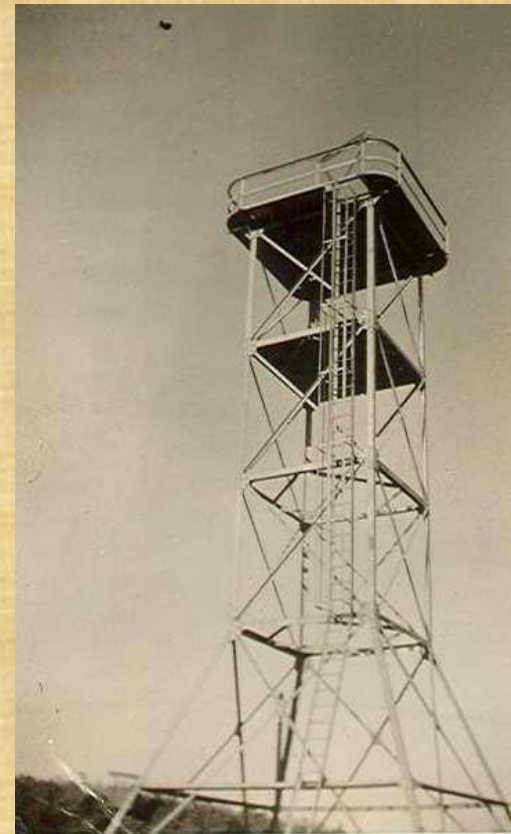
USS Hornet, Aircraft Carrier



Charles Logsden, US Eng. Hawaii



THE FIGHTIN' FIRST



Carolyn Waite singing with group of Sailors in Mrs. Bowman's home during WWII, 1942



Carolyn Waite, 1950, in Honolulu Hawaii, age 19 years



Carolyn Waite
(Mason)
USO Hawaii



Series of pictures of Life Magazine, never published, proofs in possession of Carolyn

Review-America Enters the War

1. List the four freedoms as defined by FDR.
2. What technology warned of an attack on Pearl Harbor but had no impact on the outcome?
3. Japan's invasion of China led to an embargo on _____ from the US.
4. The agreements with Great Britain known as the _____ Act and _____ aligns US policy toward the democracies.